

NRC Airborne Research: Facilities and Research Focus

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Gubbels, G. Craig**

Collaborators: EC Cloud Physics and Severe Weather Research Section

Workshop on Suborbital Platforms and Nanosatellites
Montreal, 14-16 April 2010



IAR buildings and facilities

- 4 sites (2 in Ottawa, 2 in Montreal)
- 15 buildings (565,000 sq.ft.)
- Major facilities:
 - 8 wind tunnels
 - 9 research aircraft
 - Full-scale structural test rigs
 - Engine and combustion test cells
 - Materials characterization and testing equipment
 - Aeroacoustic reverberant chambers
 - Lubrication/tribology test rigs
 - Flight Recorder Playback Centre
 - Manufacturing research facilities



Flight Research Laboratory

Expertise and facilities in full-scale aircraft-based experimentation for flight test and airborne research

- Flight mechanics & avionics
- Airborne research
- Flight Recorder Playback Centre

Capabilities:

- Flight test
- Modeling and simulation
- Aircraft systems evaluation
- Airborne sensing of the earth and atmosphere
- Aircraft accident and incident analyses



Our Program of Work

Airborne Research

- Instrumented access to the atmosphere and environment.



Flight Mechanics and Avionics

- Studying the aircraft, the pilot and related systems



Flight Recorder Playback Centre

- the investigation of aircraft accidents and incidents and the improvement of safety related systems



Who we work with (Clients and Collaborators)

- OGD

- Universities



- International



- Industry





Bell 205

**Flight mechanics
Test Pilot Schools
UAV collision avoidance**



Bell 206

**NVG Flight Tests
Forest fire detection
Test pilot school**



Bell 412

**Helicopter handling qualities,
Modern control systems
Helicopter/pilot interface**



Falcon-20

**Microgravity – CSA, Universities
De-icing and anti-icing technologies-
TC, NASA, FAA**



Harvard

**Flight Test Courses – Universities
Airborne symbology
Test Pilot Proficiency Flying**



Extra 300L

**Test Pilot Proficiency Flying
Aeromedical physiology
Aerodynamics research**

❖ *Support Airborne Research in Canada*

✈ *Instrumented by NRC, EC and DND, Universities and Others*

✈ *Multiple aircraft supporting diverse research applications*

Program Manager:
Dave Marcotte



Convair-580



T-33



Twin Otter



The NRC Twin Otter Atmospheric Research Aircraft

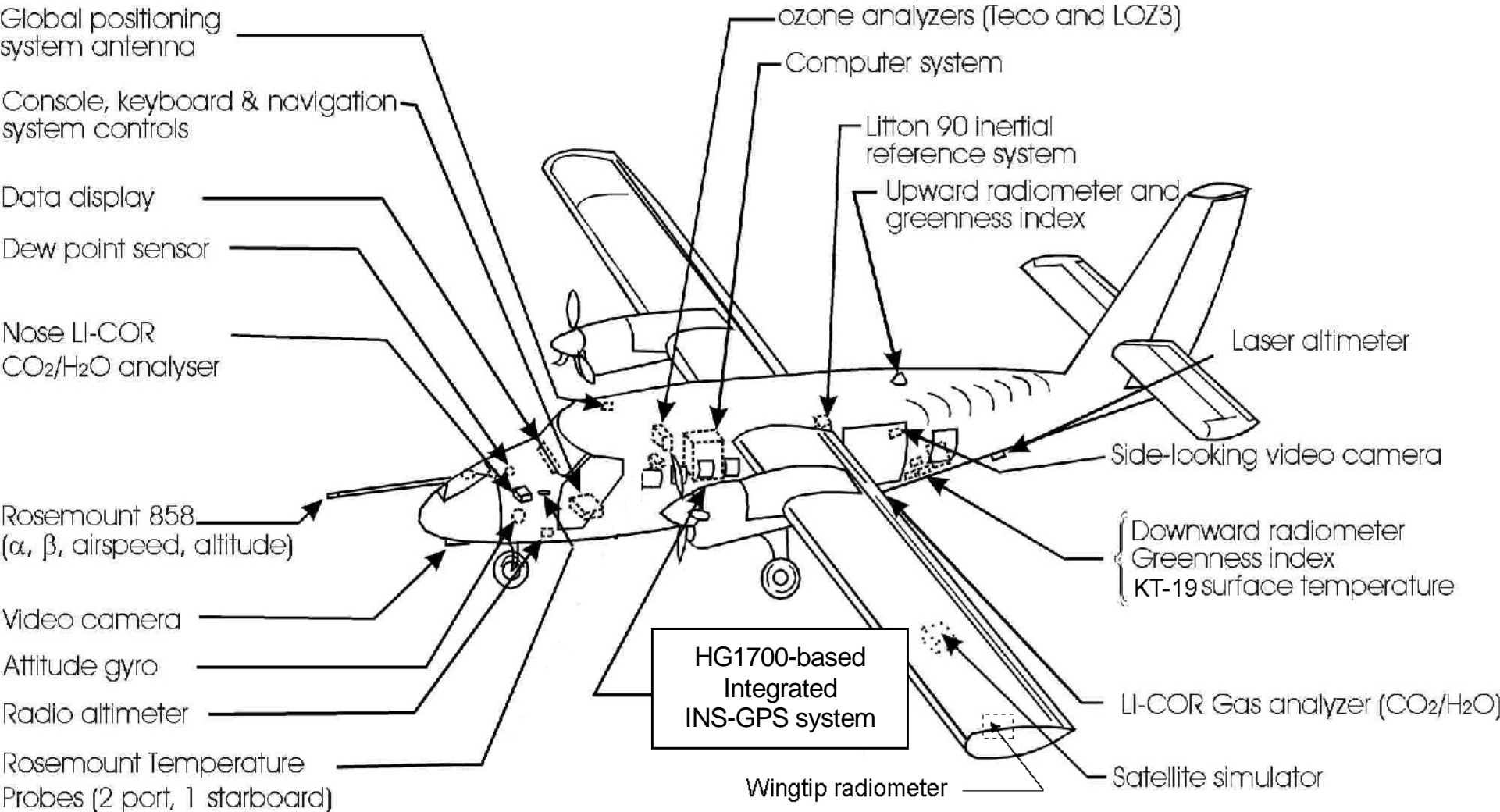


Ramesh Srinivasan
TO – Facility Manager



- Experiments in :
 - Flux measurement (surface-atmosphere exchange of energy and GHG).
 - Remote sensing of the cryosphere (microwave radiometers)
 - Air pollution
 - Atmospheric turbulence
 - Flight mechanics
 - Remote sensing for agriculture (hyperspectral)
 - Remote sensing for defence (electro-optics)
- The Twin Otter is supported by a research team with many years' experience in conducting airborne field experiments.

Twin Otter Instrumentation



The Eddy Covariance method requires:

The vertical wind from the nose gust-boom, and

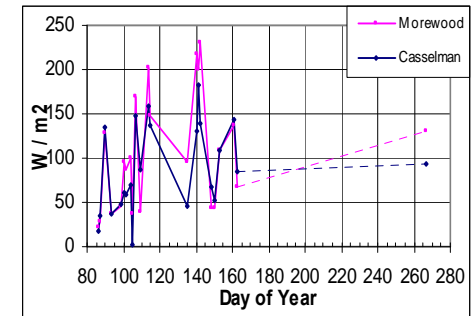
- | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|
| ● Temperature (3 probes) | → | Sensible Heat flux (H) |
| ● H ₂ O mixing ratio (2 LiCors) | → | Latent Heat flux (LE) |
| ● CO ₂ mixing ratio (2 LiCors) | → | Carbon dioxide flux |
| ● O ₃ mixing ratio (TeCO & LOZ3) | → | Ozone flux |

? Lack of fast-response analyzers for:

- Nitrous oxide N₂O
- Methane CH₄
- Other trace gases

Requires more ingenious methods of measurement.

... Internal R&D project might offer a solution ... in the future.



Current solution is the REAS ...

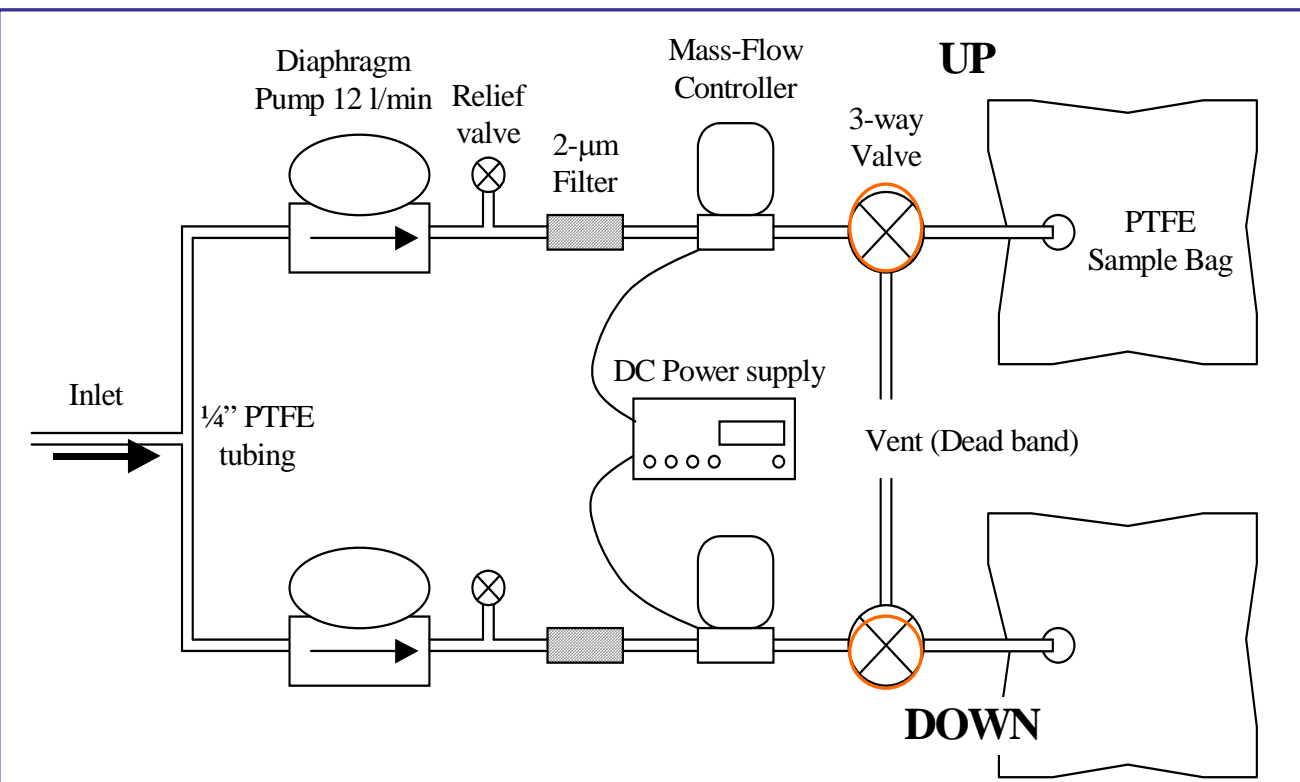
- Alternate to Eddy Covariance (EC) technique.
- Measures trace gas fluxes, when fast-response analyzers N/A.
- Air is sampled from up & down drafts into 2 separate reservoirs.
- In EA, sample flow-rate proportional to vertical gust velocity, w .
- In REA, this requirement is 'relaxed', (i.e. flow-rate kept constant, with full flow into up OR down reservoir)

$$F_{\chi} = \overline{w' \chi'} = A \sigma_w (\chi_{\text{Up}} - \chi_{\text{Down}})$$

The Twin Otter REA System



Tunable Diode Laser



- Flow rates 12 liters/min
- Valve time constants approx. 10 ms

NRC Hyperspectral SWIR Airborne Spectral Imager (SASI) – Dr. G. Leblanc

Obtained in 2003 from ITRES Ltd., can currently be installed aboard the NRC's Convair and Twin Otter Aircraft.

Specifications:

Pushbroom Imager

FOV: 37.7degrees

IFOV: 1.14mrad

f-number: 1.8

Spatial Pixels: 644

Spectral Channels: 160

Spectral Range: 850nm-2500nm

Output Image: 14 bit

Frame Rate: 16ms

GPS/INS: CMIGIT III

Past/Present Projects:

Camouflage Detection

Ice In-Cloud Determination

Bio-Mass Determination

Water Stress

Roadside IED Detection

Police Research

Mass Graves Detection

Integration of
Aeromagnetics
and Hyperspectral Data

Validation of Radiometric
Calibration

Real-time Hyperspectral
Processing

Collaborators:

Defence Research
and Development
Canada

Agriculture and Agro-
Food Canada

Canadian Police
Research Center

Royal Canadian
Mounted Police

McGill University

University of Alberta

York University

McMaster University

We intend on having a VisNIR (300-1000nm) companion instrument by the summer of 2010

- **Project:** Re-development of the NRC T33 for High Altitude Atmospheric Research (HAARC) - a NIF initiative
- **Need:** The diverse and rugged aircraft suitable for high altitude research (turbulence, aircraft emissions etc)
- **Clients & Collaborators:**
 - FAA, EuroControl, TSB, Transport Canada, ICPET, GTL of IAR, Environment Canada; NR Canada, NASA, Aerodyne



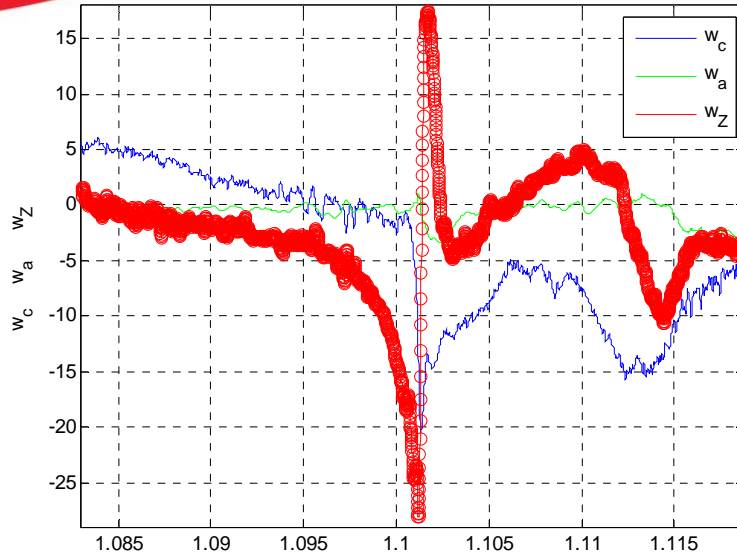
- **Major Achievement/Highlights:**

- Successful development of flight profiles for turbulence and emissions research, using jets in commercial service
- Application of 600 Hz sophisticated data acquisition instrumentation to the research – wake turbulence
- Impact: WakeNet, AIAA, EC etc
- \$300k+ Aviation Emission Environmental Measurements (AEEM) PERD Award

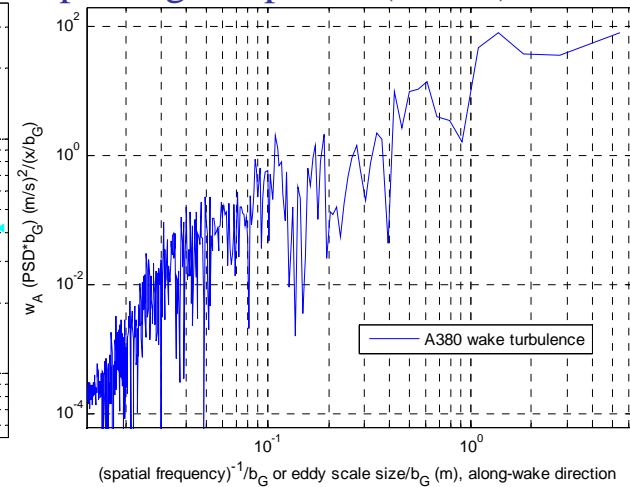
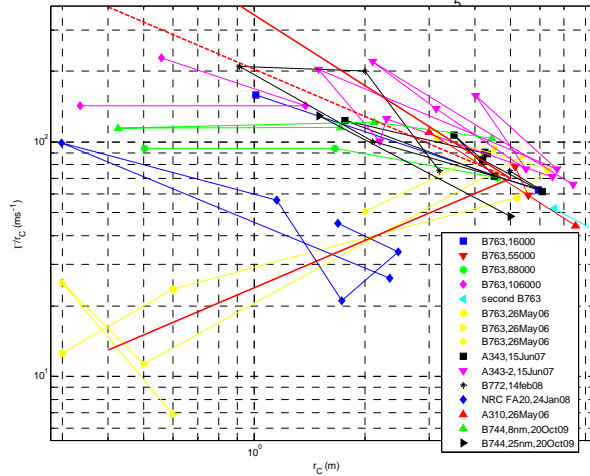


Vortex Γ (based upon V_T) and r_C identification:

(trace, B777-200, 23rd Oct 09)

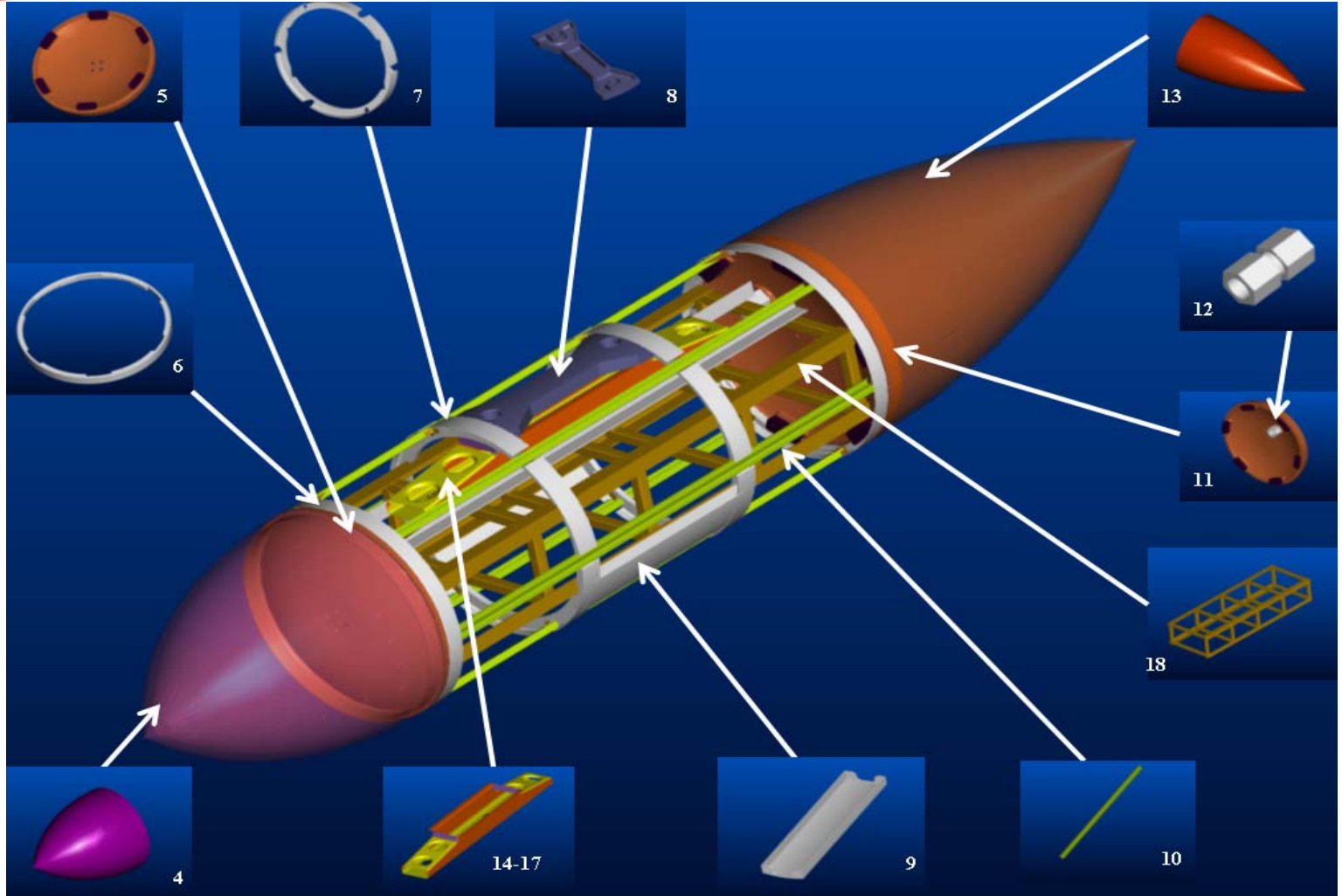


- Time-space analysis of V_C , V_Z & V_A
 - Cross-referred to $V_T = \sqrt{(V_C^2 + V_Z^2 + V_A^2)}$ time-traces ('M' signatures)
 - Shown at left, identification of a small, very intense vortex element (r_C approximately 0.2m)
 - Shown left (lower), identified vortex strength ~ size relationship;
 - Spatial gust spectra (below)



(spatial frequency)⁻¹/ b_G or eddy scale size/ b_G (m), along-wake direction

T33 Instrumentation Pod – in design



NRC-CNRC

NRCaerospace

NRC CT-133 HAARC



NRC Convair-580



❖ *Atmospheric and aircraft state parameters – NRC/EC*

❖ *Cloud microphysics – EC/Others*

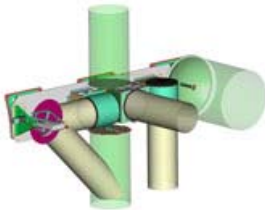
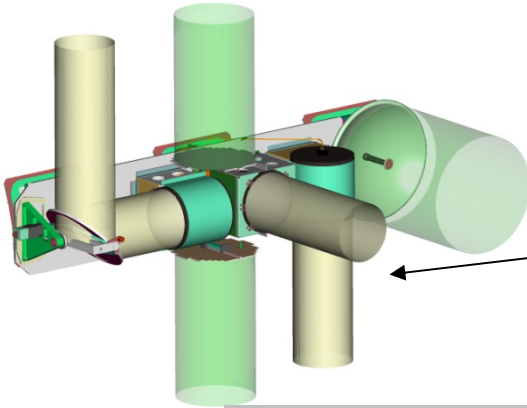
❖ *Atmospheric chemistry (Aerosol, IN, CCN...)*

❖ *Airborne remote sensing – radar, radiometer – NRC/EC*

Projects - Collaborations



NRC Airborne W and X-bands radar (NAWX)



NAWX	W-band	X-band
Transmitted Frequency (GHz)	94.05	9.41
Peak Tx Power (KW)	1.7 - typical	25 (split b/n two ports)
Polarization	Co and Cross	Simultaneous H and V
Doppler	Pulse Pair and FFT	Pulse Pair and FFT
Pulse Duration (μ s)	0.1 - 10	0.11-1
Max PRF (KHz)	20	5
Ant. 3 dB BW ($^{\circ}$)	0.75	3.5
Antenna ports	5	4
View direction	Up, down and side	Up, down and side

More details/updates: <http://www.nawx.nrc.gc.ca>

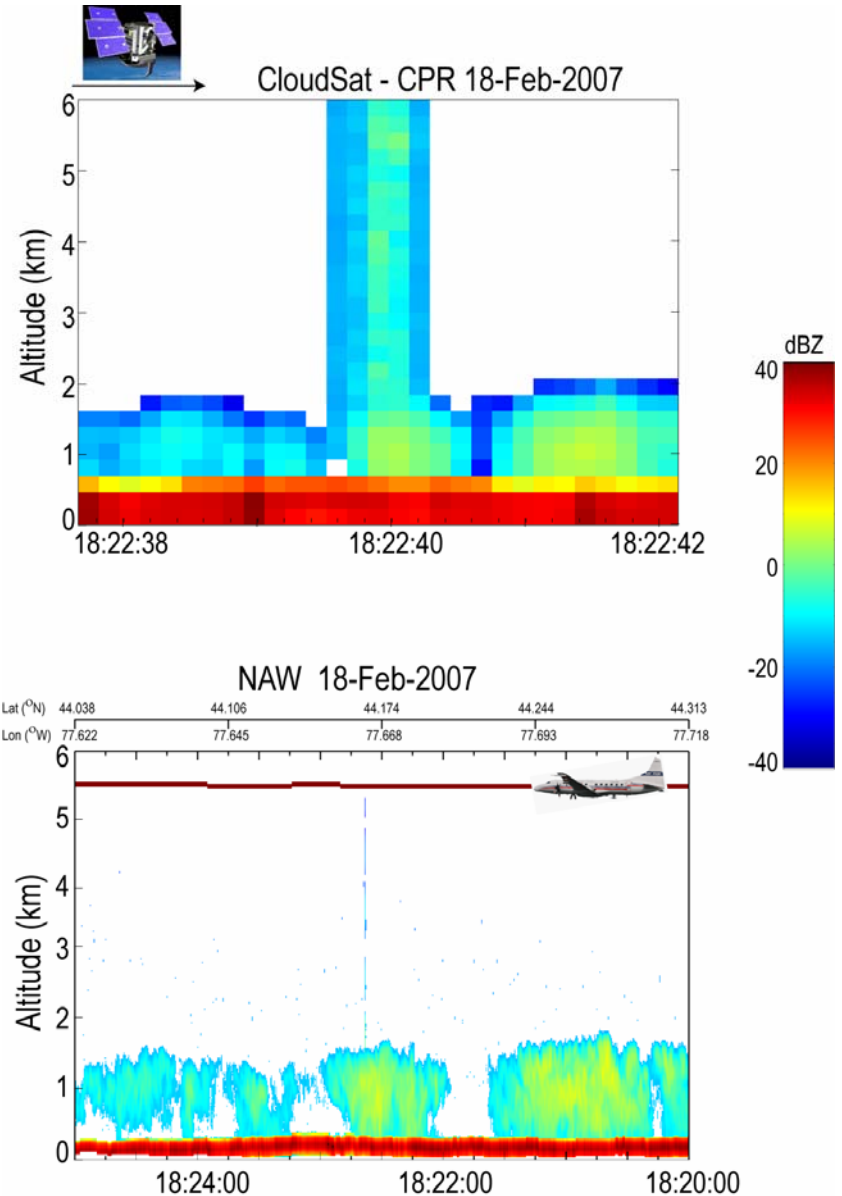
NAWX / CloudSat 18-Feb-2007

Feb 18-2007: Boundary layer Cu
Clouds

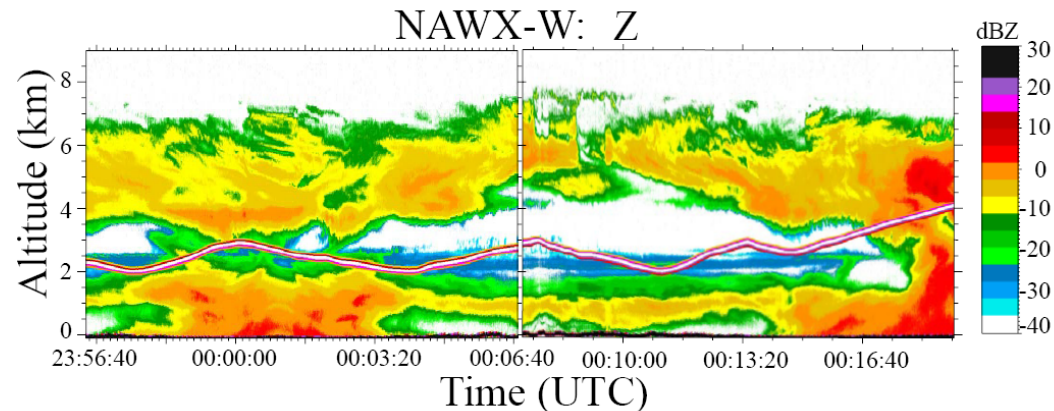
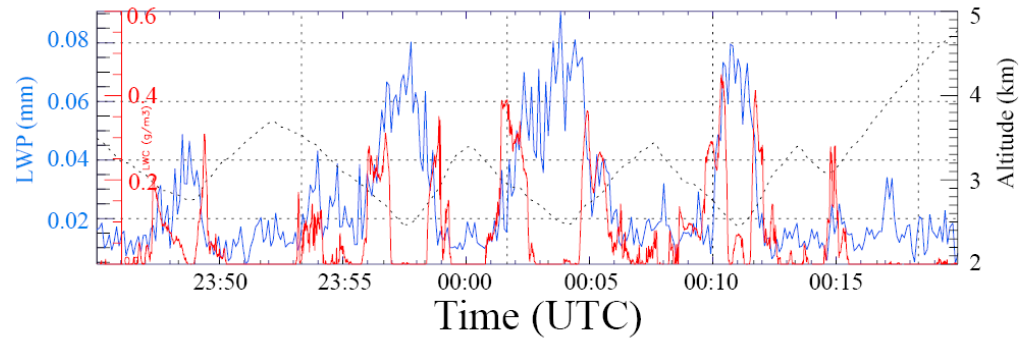
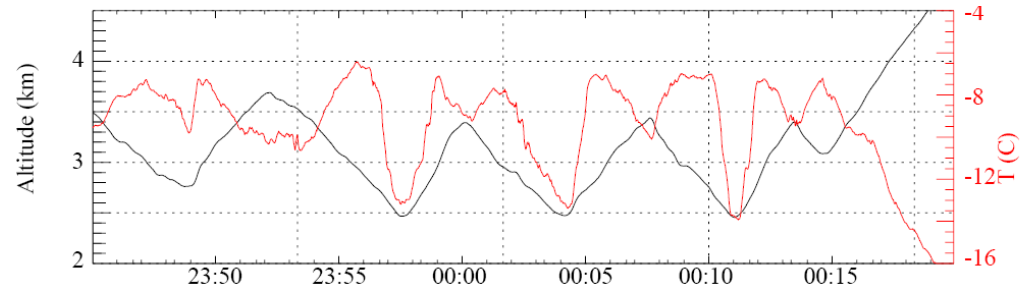
→ A/C at ~ 6 km at the time of
the CloudSat pass

→ Good agreement of cloud top
boundaries by CloudSat and
NAWX

→ Difference b/n CPR and
NAWX near the surface



→ Multiple layers- Upper layer:
 All ice and shallow layer of
 supercooled drops at the top of
 the lower layer at T of $\sim -10\text{C}^\circ$
 → Convair made repeated
 porpoise maneuver in the
 liquid layer
 → Good correlation between
 GVR and in-situ LWC
 measurement



→ Preliminary work on retrievals of r_{eff} and N from combined GVR and
 NAWX data show good agreement with in-situ data (Wolde, Pazmaney, Hudak –
 33rd AMS radar conference, Cairns, Australia, 2007)

- *FRL Committee – 2009 (\$2M NRC)*
 - *Review existing aircraft assets (aging, research need, long term maintenance / supportability..)*
 - *Develop a plan for future acquisition Fleet Review*
 - *Inputs from FRL staff, collaborators and clients*
 - *Categories: Small UAV, Cabin Class Jet/Falcon replacement*
 - *High Altitude Research Aircraft*
 - *Non-cabin Class Jet*
 - *Convair replacement*
 - *Reported to IAR with recommendation (LTR-FR-307 November 2009 L. Auriti and R. Erdos)*